

Verification of Functional Programs Tools

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Zeno (An Automated Prover for Properties of Recursive Data Structures)

Description

- **Automatic** inductive theorem prover for proving **Haskell** properties

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Zeno (An Automated Prover for Properties of Recursive Data Structures)

Description

- Automatic inductive theorem prover for proving Haskell properties
- The tool can discover necessary auxiliary theorems
- The proofs can be verified in Isabelle
- From a test suit for IsaPlanner, Zeno can prove more properties than IsaPlanner and ACL2s (ACL2 sedan)

Zeno

Demo

See source code in the course web page.

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Presentation (slides)

Sophia Drossopoulou. Zeno. A theorem prover for inductively defined properties (IFIP WG2.1, 2011) (<https://wp.doc.ic.ac.uk/sd/>)

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Limitations

Zeno works only with **terminating** functions and **total** and **finite** values.

Material

- William Sonnex, Sophia Drossopoulou and Susan Eisenbach (2012). Zeno: An Automated Prover for Properties of Recursive Data Structures. In: Tools and Algorithms for the Construction and Analysis of Systems (TACAS 2012). Ed. by Cormac Flanagan and Barbara König. Vol. 7214. Lecture Notes in Computer Science. Springer, pp. 407–421
- William Sonnex, Sophia Drossopoulou and Susan Eisenbach (Feb. 2011). Zeno: A Tool for the Automatic Verification of Algebraic Properties of Functional Programs. Tech. rep. Imperial College London.
- Web
<http://www.haskell.org/haskellwiki/Zeno>

Zeno

Installation (Zeno 0.2.0.1 tested with GHC 7.0.4)

```
$ cabal unpack zeno
$ cd zeno-0.2.0.1
# Remove from zeno.cabal:
if impl(ghc >= 7)
    ghc-options: -with-rtsopts="-N"
$ cabal install
```

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Remark

For installing/using different versions of **GHC** the `stow` command is your friend (see <http://www1.eafit.edu.co/asr/tips-and-tricks.html>).

HipSpec (Automating Inductive Proofs of Program Properties)

HipSpec (Claessen, Johansson, Rosén and Smallbone 2012) is based on:

- Hip (Rosén 2012)
- QuickSpec (Claessen, Smallbone and Hughes 2010)
- Theorem provers (e.g. E, Vampire and Z3)

Hip (Haskell Inductive Prover)

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 - Definitional equality
 - Structural induction
 - Scott's fixed-point induction
 - Approximation lemma

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- Induction techniques
 - Definitional equality
 - Structural induction
 - Scott's fixed-point induction
 - Approximation lemma
- The higher-order (co)-induction principles are handled at the meta-level.
- The first-order reasoning is handled by off-the-shelf theorem provers ([E](#), [Prover9](#), [SPASS](#), [Vampire](#) and [Z3](#)).

Data type and equality

```
data Prop a = a ::= a  
(==:=) :: a -> a -> Prop a  
(==:=) = (::=)
```

Hip - Definitional Equality

Example

From combinatory logic (see, e.g., Hindley and Seldin (2008)).

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From combinatory logic (see, e.g., Hindley and Seldin (2008)).

$$k :: a \rightarrow b \rightarrow a$$
$$k\ x\ _ = x$$
$$s :: (a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c) \rightarrow (a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow a \rightarrow c$$
$$s\ f\ g\ x = f\ x\ (g\ x)$$

Hip - Definitional Equality

Example

From combinatory logic (see, e.g., Hindley and Seldin (2008)).

```
k :: a -> b -> a
```

```
k x _ = x
```

```
s :: (a -> b -> c) -> (a -> b) -> a -> c
```

```
s f g x = f x (g x)
```

```
id :: a -> a
```

```
id x = x
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s f g x = f x (g x)
```

```
id :: a -> a
```

```
id x = x
```

```
prop_skid :: Prop (a -> a)
```

```
prop_skid = s k k == id
```

Hip - Structural Induction

Example

data N = Z | S N

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- Structural recursion on total and finite values

$$\frac{P\ Z \quad \forall x. P\ x \Rightarrow P(S\ x)}{\forall x. x\ \text{total and finite} \Rightarrow P\ x}$$

Hip - Structural Induction

Example

data N = Z | S N

- Structural recursion on total and finite values

$$\frac{P\ Z \quad \forall x. P\ x \Rightarrow P(S\ x)}{\forall x. x\ \text{total and finite} \Rightarrow P\ x}$$

- Structural recursion on partial and potentially infinite values

$$\frac{P\ \perp \quad P\ Z \quad \forall x. P\ x \Rightarrow P(S\ x) \quad P\ \text{admissible}}{\forall x. P\ x}$$

Hip

Limitations

Hip cannot use auxiliary theorems and theories.

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Installation

Hip is now developed as a part of the HipSpec, so it is not stand-alone maintained.

You can install Hip from <https://github.com/asr/hip> using GHC 7.6.3.

References

- Koen Claessen, Moa Johansson, Dan Rosén and Nicholas Smallbone (2012). HipSpec: Automating Inductive Proofs of Program Properties. Workshop on Automated Theory Exploration (ATX), at IJCAR 2012. URL: <http://www.cse.chalmers.se/~jomoa/> (visited on 25/05/2013) (cit. on p. 12).
- Koen Claessen, Nicholas Smallbone and John Hughes (2010). QUICKSPEC: Guessing Formal Specifications Using Testing. In: Tests and Proofs (TAP 2010). Ed. by Gordon Fraser and Gordon Garfantini. Vol. 6143. Lecture Notes in Computer Science. Springer, pp. 6–21 (cit. on p. 12).
- J. Roger Hindley and Jonathan P. Seldin (2008). Lambda-Calculus and Combinators. An Introduction. Cambridge University Press (cit. on pp. 19–23).
- Dan Rosén (2012). Proving Equational Haskell Properties Using Automated Theorem Provers. MA thesis. University of Gothenburg (cit. on p. 12).
- William Sonnex, Sophia Drossopoulou and Susan Eisenbach (Feb. 2011). Zeno: A Tool for the Automatic Verification of Algebraic Properties of Functional Programs. Tech. rep. Imperial College London (cit. on p. 9).

References

William Sonnex, Sophia Drossopoulou and Susan Eisenbach (2012). Zeno: An Automated Prover for Properties of Recursive Data Structures. In: Tools and Algorithms for the Construction and Analysis of Systems (TACAS 2012). Ed. by Cormac Flanagan and Barbara König. Vol. 7214. Lecture Notes in Computer Science. Springer, pp. 407–421 (cit. on p. 9).